

Questions on Matthew chapter 5

1. Matthew chapter 5 is a part of what famous document? Verses 1-2.

2. Match the following qualities with their respective promises by drawing a line. Verses 3-12.

Poor in spirit	Children of God
Mourn	Filled
Meek	Kingdom of heaven
Hunger, thirst after righteousness	See God
Merciful	Great reward in heaven
Pure in heart	Obtain mercy
Men revile, persecute	Inherit the earth
Peacemakers	Comforted
Persecuted for righteousness	Kingdom of heaven

3. List the three metaphors Jesus used to express the mission or work of the truly wise and Godly man and explain how each metaphor expresses a Christian's character or work. Verses 13-16.

(1) _____

(2) _____

(3) _____

4. How would someone “destroy” the law and what would be the opposite of that, according to Jesus? Verses 17-18.

5. From what you know of the Scribes and Pharisees, what would be one way our righteousness could exceed theirs? Verses 19-20.

6. According to Jesus, who shall be in danger of the judgment? Verses 21-22.

7. If a person remembers that he has wronged some brother (or sister), may he still worship acceptably? Verses 23-24.

8. What would be the wisest way of handling disagreements: In a lawsuit in court or with an attitude of conciliation and fairness? Verses 25-26.

9. Is Jesus more concerned with overt sins or antecedents that lead to sin (things which lead to sin)? Verses 27-28.

10. Do you think Jesus is teaching literal eye-gouging and hand amputation or exercising self-denial and determination of heroic proportions? Verses 29-30.

11. Do these words apply if the State grants legal permission to divorce for some cause other than unfaithfulness? Verses 31-32.

12. What were some of the oaths common in Jesus' time and why do you think they were forbidden by Jesus? Verses 33-36.

13. What does Jesus allow a Christian regarding oaths? Verse 37.

14. Must Jesus' words be taken literally? Did Jesus literally turn the other cheek when smitten? Verses 38-39.

15. Would Jesus' exhortation in this verse bespeak unselfishness and dignity that rises above petty claims, even in something which, by law, could not be taken? Verse 40.

16. What do you think Jesus refers to in this passage. Verse 41.

17. Does Jesus mean that Christians are to lend to all comers, even if it means the loss of his possessions, or is He teaching them to do more than the mere stint of requirements? Verse 42.

18. What kind of love does Jesus demand for enemies, as illustrated by the Heavenly Father's example? Verses 43-45.

19. What will cause men, as children of the Heavenly Father, to be different from the publicans (sinners)? Verses 46-47.

20. What does perfect mean, as used by Jesus? What else could it mean? Verse 48.